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Agiltron Erbium/Ytterbium-doped fiber amplifiers (EDFA) extend the short wavelength range and provide cost-effective solutions for high-power optical amplification. It is built using semiconductor lasers, WDM, isolator, and erbium and ytterbium co-doped fiber. The product has the advantages of high reliability, high power output, high gain, and low noise. Two configurations are available: A preamplifier for slight optical signal amplification and a Booster amplifier for maximum output power. We make both random polarization and polarization maintain versions. It has several package configuration choices. A Benchtop unit that is preset at the highest gain is suited for laboratory use. The Benchtop has a computer control interface and GUI. The compact module is suited for system integration with the universal control interface. The pluggable and the associated host net-control rack are standardized for local network build-out. Customer configurations are available.

The EDFA has isolators on both input and output.

Features

- I ow Noise
- High Output Up to 40dBm
- High Stability
- High Reliability
- Customizable

Applications

- BOTDR
- OTDR
- LiDAR
- Fiber sensing

Specifications

Para	meter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Wavelength	1530	1550	1570	nm	
Inna A Danier	Booster Amplifier	-6	0	7	dBm
Input Power	Pre-Amplifier	-30	-20	-10	dBm
Saturated Output Pov	ver ^[1]	15		40	dBm
Power Conversion Eff	8		11		
Gain Range [3]	13		40	dB	
Noise Index		5.5 ^[6]		dB	
Gain Flatness		3		dB	
Polarization Depende			0.3	dB	
Polarization Mode Dis		0.5			
Polarization Extinction	18		20	dB	
Input/output Isolation	35			dB	
Output Stability (8hrs		0.05	0.1	dB	
Adjustable Output Po		Yes			
Fiber Type		SMF-2			
Working Temperature	-30		70	°C	
Storage Temperature	-40		85	°C	
Power Supply					
Communication	>20dBm	RS232			
Communication		<20dBm	USB		

Notes

- [1]. Maximum optical output power. For Booster type only
- [2]. Define as the ratio of Electrical Input Power/Optical Output Power
- [3]. Amplification. Output power = Gain X Input power. For weak signals, buy a preamplifier
- [4]. Random polarization version only
- [5]. Polarization Maintaining only
- [6]. Defined as 10log(SNRi/SNRo)
- [7]. The regular range is -5 to 40°C, for extended range requires additional cost
- * Preamplifier output power is limited to 25dBm

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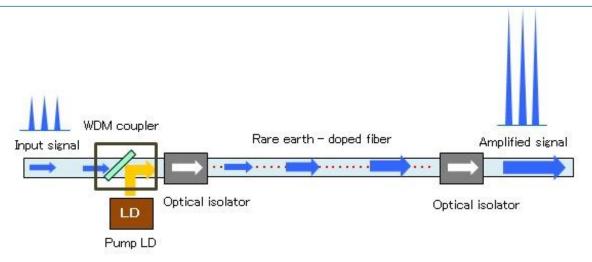






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Function Diagram



Package Choices



Component





Pluggable



Net-Control Rack

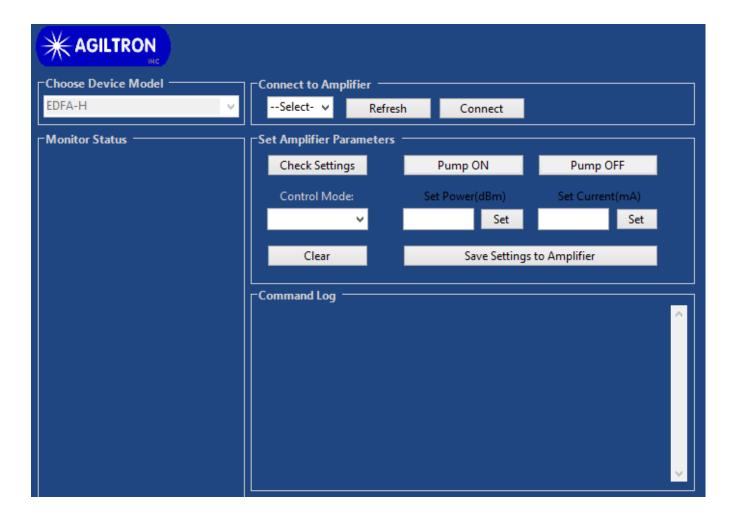


Up to 12W



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GUI USB Interface



Operation Instruction

- Load the software, Unzip the folder and Click "setup" to Install the GUI
- Select an amplifier type that matches your PO
- Connect your PC to the Amplifier by first connecting a USB cable and then choosing the necessary port and clicking "Connect". To change the COM port click "Refresh", choose the necessary port, then click "Connect"
- Obtain the stored settings by clicking "Check Settings"
- To change the setting, first select the control mode
- To set up output power or current, input desired value and click "Set". There are limits for max output per the model type.
- To turn on the Amplify click "Pump ON"; the green color should appear. To stop click "Pump OFF"; the red color should appear
- To save the setting click "Save Settings to Amplifier". The Amplifier will store the setting for the next time you turn it on, even without the PC.
- The Amplifier only works if the input optical power level is within the spec.





Up to 12W



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Control GUI



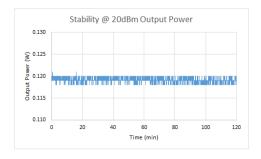


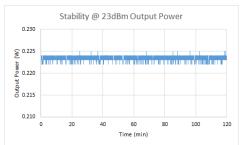
Up to 12W

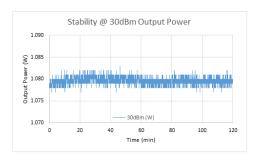


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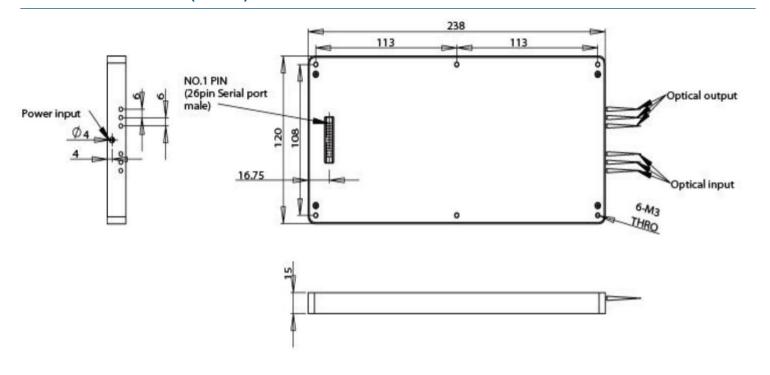
Output Power Stability (33dBm Benchtop)



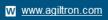




Mechanical Dimension (33dBm)



*Product dimensions may change without notice. This is sometimes required for non-standard specifications.





Up to 12W



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Ordering Information

					1						
Prefix	Туре	Wavelength	Power ^[1]	Output Channel	Polarization	Package	Cable Type	Fiber Length [3]	Connector [4]	Low Temperature	High Temperature
EYFA-	Booster = C Preamp = D	C Band = C L Band = L Red Band = R Blue Band = B C+L Bands = A Special = 0	17dBm/50mW ^[2] = 2 23dBm/200mW = 3 27dBm/0.5W = 8 30dBm/1W = 4 33dBm/2W = 5 37dBm/5W = 7 Special = 0	One = 1 Two = 2 Three = 3 Four = 4	Random = 1	Component = 1 Benchtop = 2 Pluggable = 3 Plug/Rack = 4 Special = 0	Bare fiber = 1 0.9mm tube = 3 Special = 0	0.25m = 1 0.5m = 2 1.0m = 3 Special = 0	None = 1 FC/PC = 2 FC/APC = 3 SC/PC = 4 SC/APC = 5 LC/PC = 7 Duplex LC/PC = 8 LC/APC = A LC/UPC = U Special = 0	-5°C = 1 -30°C = 2 Special = 0	40°C = 1 70°C = 2 Special = 0

- [1]. For Booster, Power means maximum output power. For Preamp, Power means maximum amplification gain.
- [2]. This has a small package without power adjustment capability for lower cost
- [3]. For >1W modules, the fiber cables extrude out of the front.
- [4]. Regular connector only rated to 0.5W and will burn at higher power. We make a special beam expanded connector to handle up to 5W

NOTE:

☐ Preamplifier output power is limited to 25dBm

Application Notes

Fiber Core Alignment

Note that the minimum attenuation for these devices depends on excellent core-to-core alignment when the connectors are mated. This is crucial for shorter wavelengths with smaller fiber core diameters that can increase the loss of many decibels above the specification if they are not perfectly aligned. Different vendors' connectors may not mate well with each other, especially for angled APC.

Fiber Cleanliness

Fibers with smaller core diameters (<5 μm) must be kept extremely clean, contamination at fiber-fiber interfaces, combined with the high optical power density, can lead to significant optical damage. This type of damage usually requires re-polishing or replacement of the connector.

Maximum Optical Input Power

Due to their small fiber core diameters for short wavelength and high photon energies, the damage thresholds for device is substantially reduced than the common 1550nm fiber. To avoid damage to the exposed fiber end faces and internal components, the optical input power should never exceed 20 mW for wavelengths shorter 650nm. We produce a special version to increase the how handling by expanding the core side at the fiber ends.





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Laser Safety

This product meets the appropriate standard in Title 21 of the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR). FDA/CDRH Class 1M laser product. This device has been classified with the FDA/CDRH under accession number 0220191. All versions of this laser are Class 1M laser products, tested according to IEC 60825-1:2007 / EN 60825-1:2007. An additional warning for Class 1M laser products. For diverging beams, this warning shall state that viewing the laser output with certain optical instruments (for example eye loupes, magnifiers, and microscopes) within a distance of 100 mm may pose an eye hazard. For collimated beams, this warning shall state that viewing the laser output with certain instruments designed for use at a distance (for example telescopes and binoculars) may pose an eye hazard.

Wavelength = $1.3/1.5 \mu m$.

Maximum power = 30 mW.



*Caution - Use of controls or adjustments or performance of procedures other than those specified herein may result in hazardous radiation exposure.

*IEC is a registered trademark of the International Electrotechnical Commission.

Q&A About Fiber Optical Amplifier

Q: Can this amplifier pulsed signals?

A: It has been tested to amplify up to 100GHz digital data.

Q: Can this amplifier WDM signals?

A: It has been tested to amplify signals with DWDM wavelength spacing.

Q: Can this amplifier has a flat wavelength response?

A: Yes, by put flattering gain filters, that is an extra cost.

Q: If one puts a small signal into it, can it be amplified to the maximum output power indicated on the spec?

A: The amplifier is set as an analog mode whose output signal strength is approximately proportional to the input strength. It has a certain gain of about 40dB. There are two types: one is a preamplifier and a booster. One can use a preamplifier before the booster for weak signals, as done in electronic amplifiers.

Q: We have an existing amplifier. Can you duplicate it?

A: Yes, we can produce it with a seamless software interface.





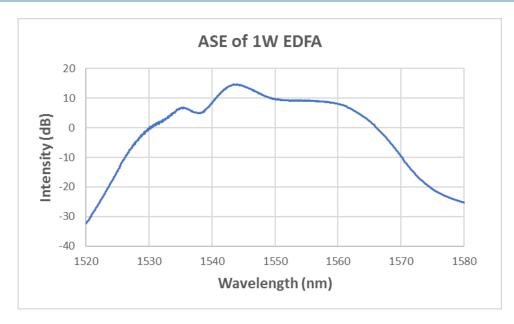


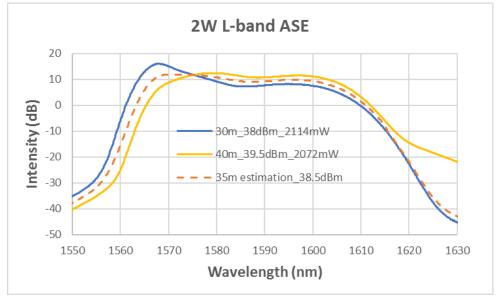
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Modes Description

The EDFAs have both ACC mode - automatic current control or constant current control and APC mode - automatic power control settable via GUI. In the ACC mode, the pump laser's current is set by the user and automatically locked by the EDFA to achieve a constant pumping current. The EDFA's output power is proportional to the input power and has output even though the input signal is weak. In the APC mode, the user sets the output power, and the EDFA automatically maintains the output constant in a feedback laser pump control way. When the input optical power fluctuates, the APC mode minimizes the fluctuation of the output power and is suitable for power type and line type EDFA.

Typical Spectrums





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