

NanoSpeed™ 1x2 Series Fiber Optical Switch

(SMF, PMF, High Power, Bidirectional)



DATASHEET

BUY NOW



Features

- Solid-State
- High on-off ratio
- High speed
- Ultra-high reliability
- Low insertion loss
- Compact

Applications

- Optical blocking
- Configurable operation
- Instrumentation

The NanoSpeed™ Series 1x2 solid-state fiber optic switch connects optical channels by redirecting an incoming optical signal into a selected output optical fiber. This is achieved using patent non-mechanical configurations with solid-state all-crystal designs, which eliminates the need for mechanical movement and organic materials. The device is intrinsically bidirectional and has variable coupler behavior in which light is transferred from one to another port without loss. The NS fiber optic switch is designed to meet the most demanding switching requirements of ultra-high reliability, fast response time, and continuous switching operation. The switch is intrinsically bidirectional and selectable for polarization-independent or polarization-maintain by the fiber type.

The NS Series switch is controlled by 5V TTL signals with a specially designed electronic driver having performance optimized for various repetition rate.

The rise/fall time is intrinsically related to the crystal properties, and the repetition rate is associated with the driver. There are poor frequency response sections due to the device resonances. The NS devices are shipped mounted on a tuned driver.

The NS series switches respond to a control signal with any arbitrary timing with frequency from DC up to MHz. The switch is usually mounted on a tuned driver prior to shipping. The electrical power consumption is related to the repetition rate the switch is operated.

The dual-stage configuration increases the extinction ratio or cross-talk value.

Specifications

Parameter	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Central Wavelength ^[1]	980		2000	nm
Insertion Loss ^[2]	1900 ~ 2100nm	0.9	1.5	dB
	1260~1650nm	0.6	1.0	dB
	980~1100nm	0.8	1.3	dB
Cross Talk ^[3]	18	25	35	dB
Durability	10 ¹⁴			cycles
PDL (SMF Switch only)		0.15	0.3	dB
PMD (SMF Switch only)		0.1	0.3	ps
ER (PMF Switch only)	18	25		dB
IL Temperature Dependency		0.25	0.5	dB
Return Loss	45	50	60	dB
Response Time (Rise, Fall)			300	ns
Fiber Type	SMF-28, Panda PM, or equivalent			
Driver Repeat Rate	100kHz driver	DC	100	kHz
	300kHz driver	DC	300	kHz
Optic Power Handling ^[4]	Normal power switches		0.3	W
	High power switches		2	W
Operating Temperature	-5		70	°C
Storage Temperature	-40		85	°C

Notes:

[1]. Operation bandwidth is ± 25 nm approximately at 1550nm.

[2]. Measured without connectors. For other wavelength, please contact us.

[3]. ± 25 nm, Cross talk is measured at 10kHz, which may be degraded at the high repeat rate.

[4]. Defined at 1310nm/1550nm. For the shorter wavelength, the handling power may be reduced, please contact us for more information.

Warning: This is an OEM module designed for system integration. Do not touch the PCB by hand. The electrical static can kill the chips even without a power plug-in. Unpleasant electrical shock may also be felt. For laboratory use, please buy a Turnkey system.

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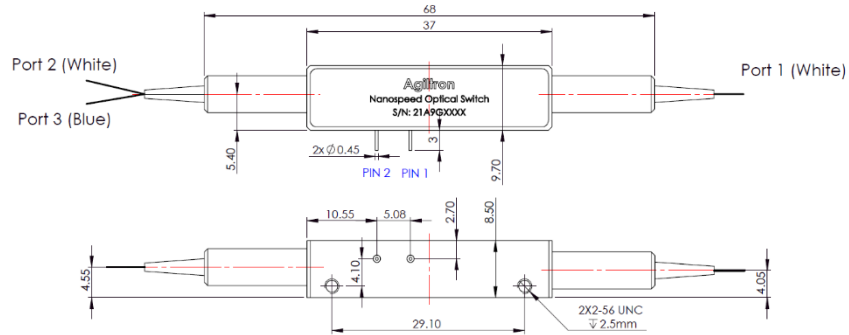


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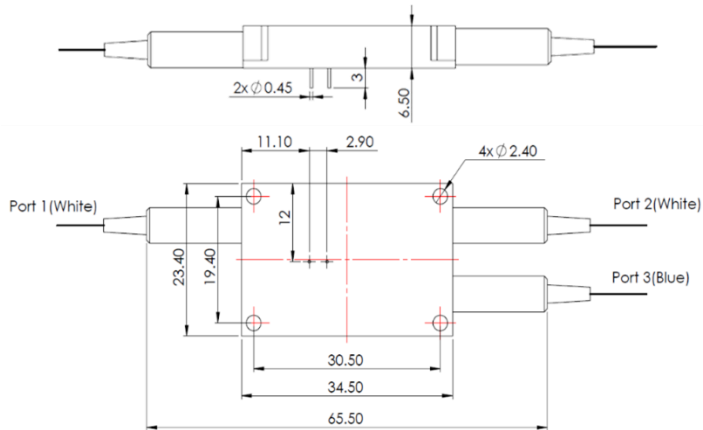
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Mechanical Dimensions (mm)

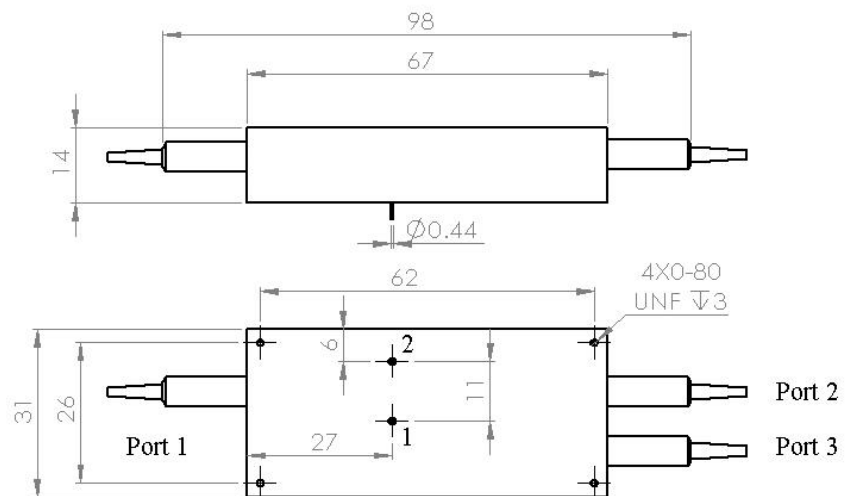
Package A for normal power



Package B for high power



Package C for $\lambda \Rightarrow 1.9\mu\text{m}$



*Product dimensions may change without notice. This is sometimes required for non-standard specifications.

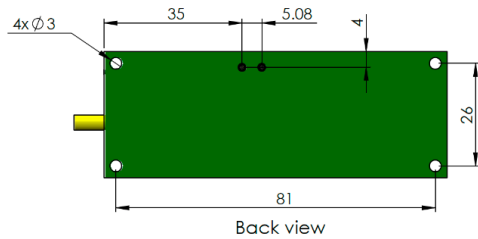
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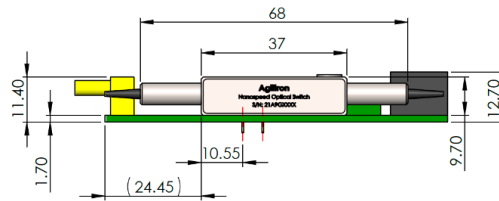
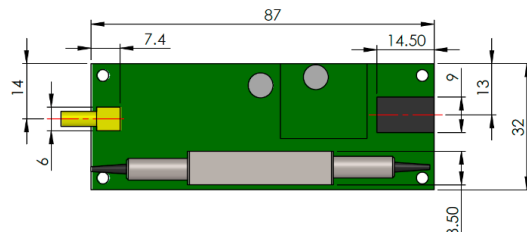


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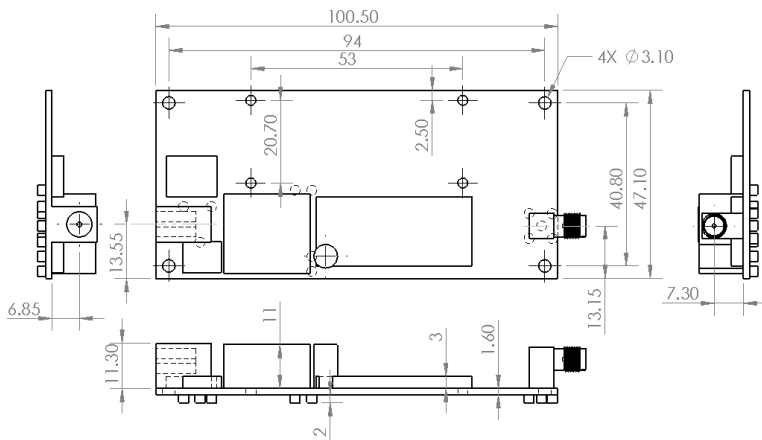
Mechanical Dimensions, mounting on 100KHz driver (mm)



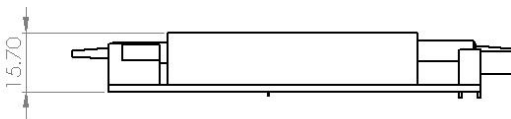
Back view



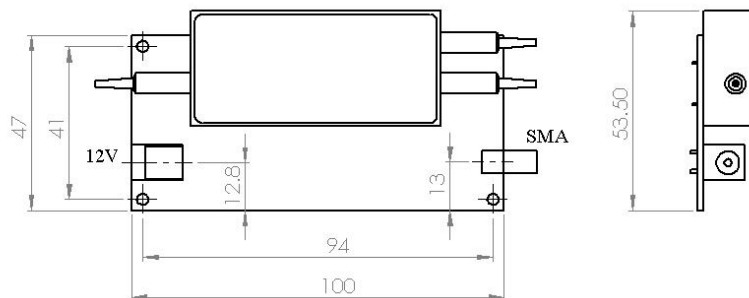
Driver with Package A



Driver with Package B



Driver with Package C



*Product dimensions may change without notice. This is sometimes required for non-standard specifications.

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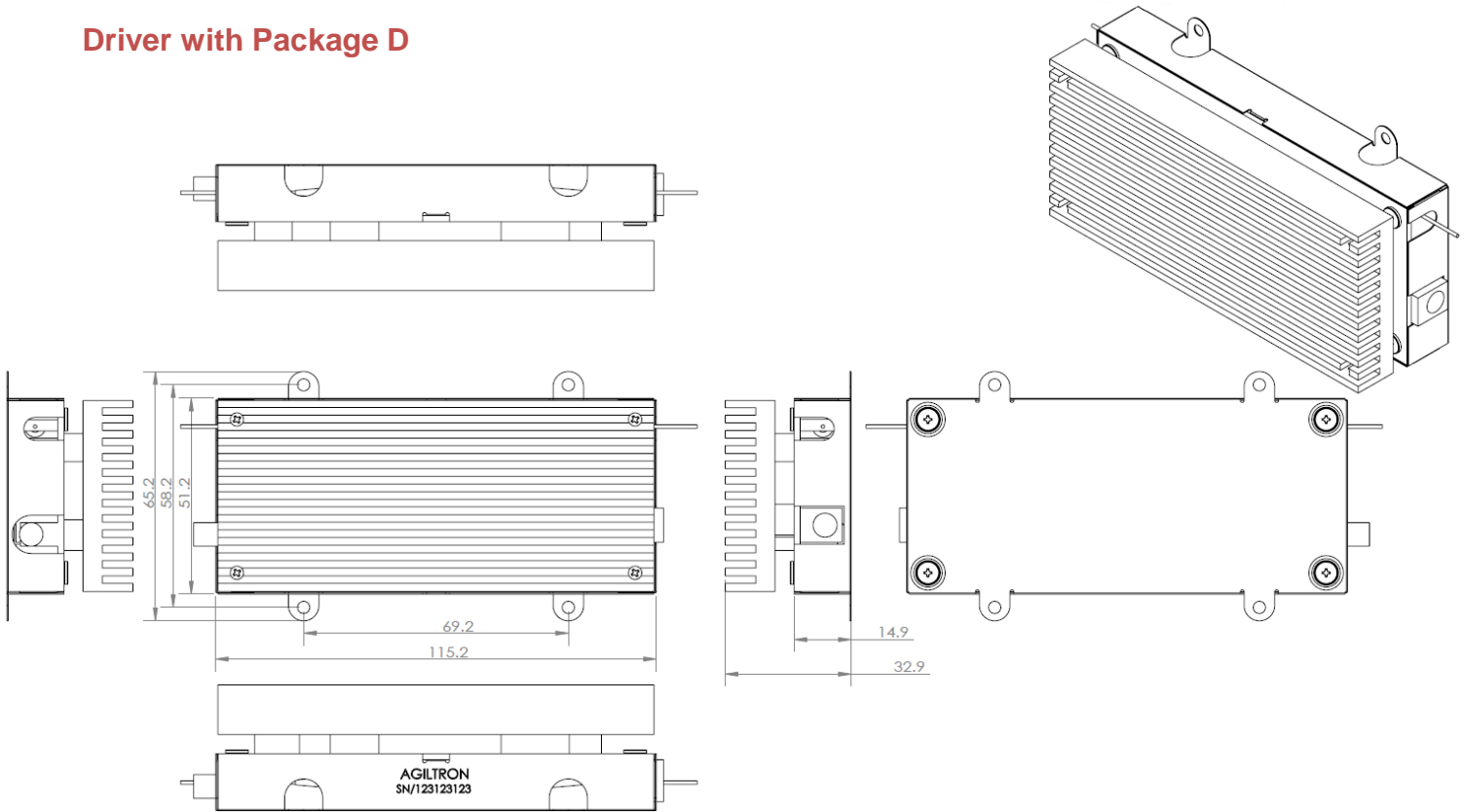
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Module with 300kHz Driver (mm)

Driver with Package D



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Optical Path Driving Table (Direct driving)

Optical Path	Pin 1	Pin 2
Port 1 → Port 2	No Power	
Port 1 → Port 3	H	0V
H: 360 ~ 420 V		

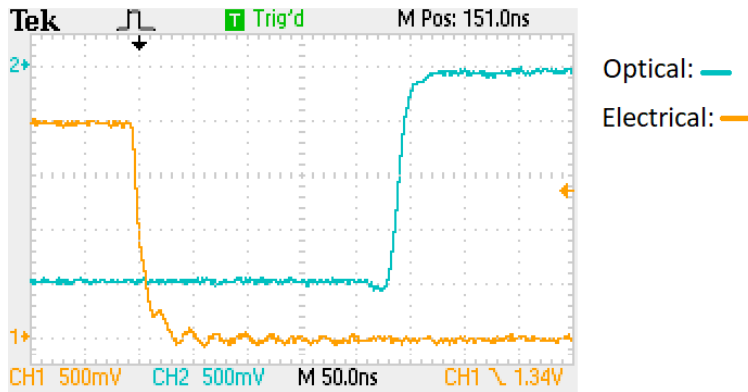
* Note: For customers that prefer to design their own driving circuit, they are responsible for the optical performance. For more technical information, please contact us.

Driving Board Selection

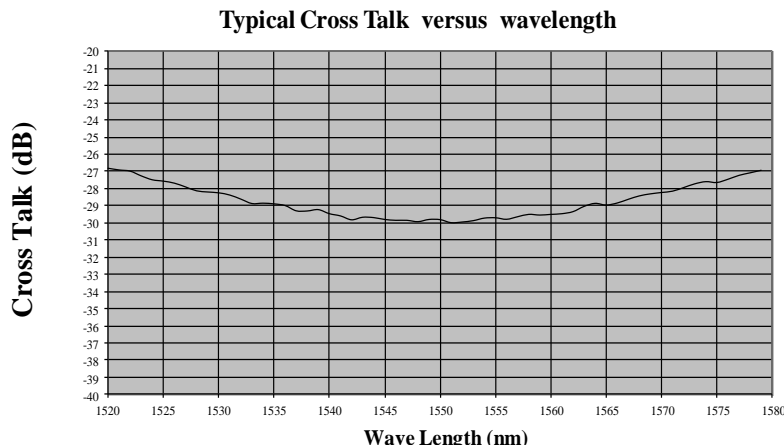
Maximum Repetition Rate	Part Number (P/N)
100 kHz for package A	NSSW100ns100kHzD
100 kHz for package B & C	SWDR-1La261111
300 kHz for package D	NSSW100ns300kHzD

Optical Path	TTL
Port 1 → Port 2	0V
Port 1 → Port 3	H
H: >=3.5V	

Typical Speed Response Measurement



Bandwidth Measurement



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Ordering Information

Prefix	Type	Wavelength ^[4]	Configuration	Package ^[6]	Fiber Type	Fiber Cover	Fiber Length	Connector ^[5]
NSSW . ^[1]	1x2 = 12	1060nm = 1	Single stage & normal power = 1	Regular package A for ≤0.5W = 1	SMF-28 = 1	Bare Fiber = 1	0.25m = 1	None = 1
NHSW . ^[2]		2000nm = 2	Single stage & 2W = B	High power (Package B) = 3	HI1060 = 2	900um Tube = 3	0.5m = 2	FC/PC = 2
NHHW . ^[3]		1310nm = 3	Single stage & 5W = C	Package for 2μm = C	PM1550 = 5	Special = 0	1.0 m = 3	FC/APC = 3
		1410nm = 4	Single stage & 10W = D	Package D = D	PM980 = 9		Special = 0	SC/PC = 4
		1550nm = 5	Single stage & 20W = E	Special = 0	PM1950 = L			SC/APC = 5
		980nm = 9			Special = 0			ST/PC = 6
		Special = 0						LC/PC = 7
								Duplex LC/PC = 8
								LC/APC = 9
								E2000 APC = A
								LC/UPC = U
								Special = 0

[1]. **NSSW** – Normal power version

[2]. **NHSW** – 2W version

[3]. **NHHW** – ≥ 5W version

[4]. For shorter wavelength, please refer to Premium NS switches. Wavelength > 1900nm will be implemented in the special version with long lead time

[5]. Please contact us for high power connectors

[6]. 3-cap package for high power or long wavelength

[7]. High power > 5W and the high-lighten in red will take long lead time.

[8]. Package is special (TBD) for ≥ 10W version, please contact us.

NOTE:

- ☐ **PM1550** fiber works well for **1310nm**

Fiber Core Alignment

Note that the minimum attenuation for these devices depends on excellent core-to-core alignment when the connectors are mated. This is crucial for shorter wavelengths with smaller fiber core diameters that can increase the loss of many decibels above the specification if they are not perfectly aligned. Different vendors' connectors may not mate well with each other, especially for angled APC.

Fiber Cleanliness

Fibers with smaller core diameters (<5 μm) must be kept extremely clean, contamination at fiber-fiber interfaces, combined with the high optical power density, can lead to significant optical damage. This type of damage usually requires re-polishing or replacement of the connector.

Maximum Optical Input Power

Due to their small fiber core diameters for short wavelength and high photon energies, the damage thresholds for device is substantially reduced than the common 1550nm fiber. To avoid damage to the exposed fiber end faces and internal components, the optical input power should never exceed 20 mW for wavelengths shorter 650nm. We produce a special version to increase the how handling by expanding the core side at the fiber ends.

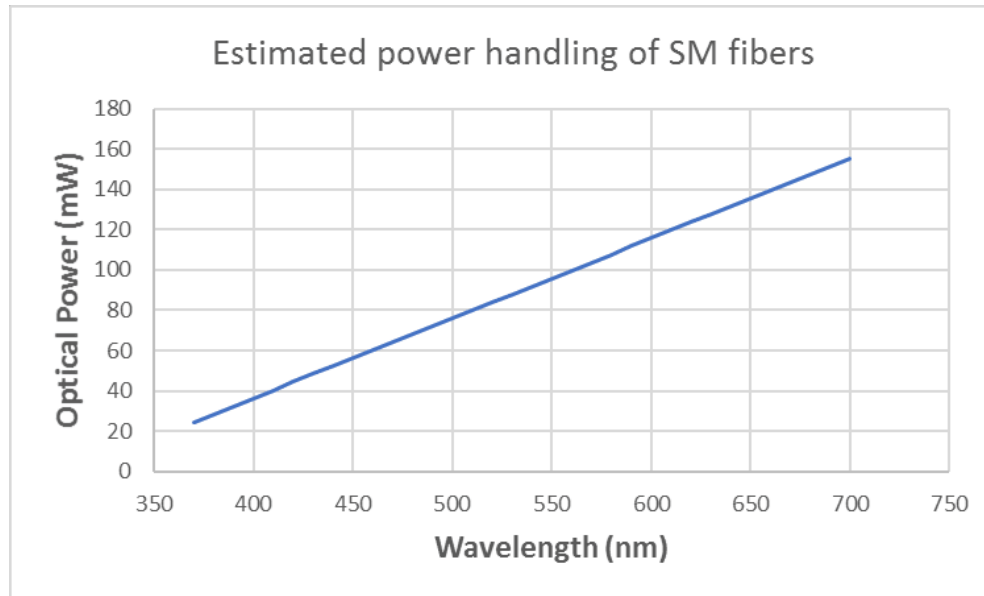
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Optical Power Handling vs Wavelength For Single-Mode Fibers



Q & A

Q: Does NS device drift over time and temperature?

A: NS devices are based on electro-optical crystal materials that can be influenced to a certain range by the environmental variations. The insertion loss of the device is only affected by the thermal expansion induced miss-alignment. For extended temperature operation, we offer special packaging to -40 -100 °C. The extinction or cross-talk value is affected by many EO material characters, including temperature-dependent birefringence, V_p , temperature gradient, optical power, at resonance points (electronic). However, the devices are designed to meet the minimum extinction/cross-talk stated on the spec sheets. It is important to avoid a temperature gradient along the device length.

Q: What is the actual applying voltage on the device?

A: 100 to 400V depending on the version.

Q: How does the device work?

A: NS devices are not based on Mach-Zander Interference, rather birefringence crystal's nature beam displacement, in which the crystal creates two different paths for beams with different polarization orientations.

Q: What is the limitation for faster operation?

A: NS devices have been tested to have an optical response of about 300 ps. However, practical implementation limits the response speeds. It is possible to achieve a much faster response when operated at partial extinction value. We also offer resonance devices over 20MHz with low electrical power consumption.

Operation Manual

1. Connect a control signal to the SMA connector on the PCB.
2. Attach the accompanied power supply (typically a wall-pluggable unit).
3. The device should then function properly.

Note: Do not alter device factory settings.